SECTION 1- PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME : GENIE CONCENTRATE

SYNONYMS: Product is a mixture: No synonyms are available.

PRODUCT USE : Flammable Material **SUPPLIER** : WESMAR CO. INC.

SUPPLIER'S ADDRESS : 5720 204TH ST. SW, LYNNWOOD, WA 98036

(206) 783-5344

EMERGENCY RESPONSE PHONE: PERS: 1-800-633-8253

NUMBER



SECTION 2 – HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

GHS U.S. – CLASSIFICATION: H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

LABEL ELEMENTS : GHS – US HAZARD

PICTOGRAMS

HAZARD PICTOGRAMS :

The product is classified and labeled according to the

Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

SIGNAL WORD : DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS (GHS-US)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (SGS-US)

PREVENTION: P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read label before use.

: P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking.

: P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion proof electrical/ventilation/light...equipment

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
 P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

: P264 Wash skin and contaminated clothing thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.

P280 Wear suitable protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

RESPONSE: P305+P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

+P338 contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists, get medical attention.

: P303+P361 IF ON SKIN: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

+351 Rinse skin with water/shower.

: P304+P340 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep

at rest in a position comfortable to breathing.

: P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

STORAGE : P403+P233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

: P405 Store locked up.

DISPOSAL : P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations

OSHA HAZARDS : Isopropanol: Flammable liquid, Target Organ Effect, Irritant

Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether (DPM): Target Organ Effect.

TARGET ORGANS: Isopropanol: Cardiovascular system, Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Liver, Nerves.

Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether (DPM): Kidney, Liver, Nerves

CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM: NFPA/HMIS Definitions: 0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme.

NFPA RATINGS (SCALE 0-4) : Health = 2, Fire = 0, Reactivity = 0 HMIS RATINGS (SCALE 0-5) : Health = 2, Fire = 0, Reactivity = 0

CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM: NFPA/HMIS Definitions: 0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme.

NFPA ratings (scale 0-4):Health = 2, Fire = 2, Reactivity = 0 HMIS ratings (scale 0-5):Health = 2, Fire = 2, Reactivity = 0

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITON/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTIC : Mixtures

DESCRIPTION : Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

COMPONENT	PERCENT	CAS#	EC#	GHS CLASS	
Isopropanol (Isopropyl alcohol)	30-40	67-63-0	200-661-7	Eye Irrit Cat 2, Flam Liq Cat 2	
				STOT SE Cat 3	
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether	1-5	34590-94-8	252-104-2	Eye Irrit: Cat 2B	
Nonylphenol Ethoxylate	0.1-1.0	127087-87-0	500-315-8	Eye Dam Cat 1	
Ammonium Hydroxide	0.1-1	1336-21-6	215-647-6	Skin Corr Cat 1B, Eye Dam Cat 1,	
				Acute Tox Inhal Cat 3,	
				Acute Aquatic Tox Cat 1	

Irrit = Irritation, Cor = Corrosive, Dam = Damage, Cat = Category, Tox = Toxic, STOT = Specific Target Organ Toxicity. Also contains non-hazardous dye and fragrance.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

GENERAL: If you feel unwell, seek medical advice. Show the label where possible. Take proper

precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue and providing first aid. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance. Move out of dangerous area

EYE CONTACT : Immediately flush eyes with low pressure water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids

open to ensure adequate flushing. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. If irritation persists, get immediate medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash affected skin area with soap and

water. If irritation persists, get immediate medical attention. Wash contaminated

clothing before reuse.

SWALLOWING (INGESTION): If ingested, dilute swallowed material by drinking water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep airway clear and have victim lean forward to prevent aspiration. Give more water when vomiting stops. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

INHALATION

Remove to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.

OTHER INSTRUCTIONS

Rescue personnel must wear appropriate protective equipment during removal of victims from contaminated areas. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA SPECIAL PROTECTIVE **EQUIPMENT AND** PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Keep unopened containers cool by spraying with water

FIGHTERS UNUSUAL FIRE AND

Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

EXPLOSION HAZARDS OSHA/NFPA (ISOPROPANOL)

Class 1B Flammable Liquid.

FLASH POINT (ISOPROPANOL) : 12°C/53°F Closed Cup.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, **PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT & EMERGENCY PROCEDURES**

Do not inhale vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. Restrict access to keep out unauthorized or unprotected personnel. Wear protective equipment. Avoid inhalation and direct contact.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROCEDURES METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR **CONTAINMENT AND CLEAN-UP**

Keep spilled material away from sewage/drainage systems and waterways.

All clean-up personnel must be properly trained. Confine the spill and remove incompatible materials and ignition sources. Ensure adequate ventilation. Secure the source of the leak if conditions are safe. Collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place waste in an appropriate container for disposal. Use care during clean-up to avoid exposure to the material and injury from broken containers.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE **HANDLING ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE**

- Do not get on skin or in eyes. Do not inhale vapor or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the buildup of electrostatic charge.
- Stop leak. Contain spill if possible and safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.
- Keep container tightly closed in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Protect containers from heat, physical damage, ignition sources and incompatible materials. Have emergency equipment for fires and spills readily available.





SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

TLV (THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE) : The TLV in section in section III is the ACGIH/TLV-TWA (threshold limit value/time

weighted average concentration for an eight hour work day). The STEL is the short term exposure limit and the (Ceil) is the ceiling limit.

COMPONENT	OSHA PEL – TWA	ACGIH – TLV	ACGIH – STEL
Isopropanol (Isopropyl alcohol)	400 ppm	200 ppm	400 ppm
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether	100 ppm, 600mg/m ³	100 ppm	150 ppm
Nonylphenol Ethoxylate	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Ammonium Hydroxide	50 ppm	25 ppm	35 ppm

EYE PROTECTION : Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Use

equipment approved by appropriate government standards, such as NIOSH (US) or EN166 (EU) Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

SKIN PROTECTION : Wear impervious, flame retardant, antistatic protective clothing, including boots,

gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face

respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US)

or CEN (EU).

HAND PROTECTION : Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Dispose of contaminated

gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices.

Wash and dry hands.

APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING

CONTROLS

: General room or local exhaust ventilation is usually required to meet exposure limit(s). Electrical equipment should be grounded and conform to applicable

electrical code.

ADDITIONAL MEASURES : Emergency eyewash and safety shower facilities should be available in the

immediate work area.

REQUIRED WORK/HYGIENE : Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from all food stuffs, beverages

and feed. Do not eat, drink or smoke in work area.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE : Clear blue liquid.

ODOR : Mild cherry fragrance with slight ammonia odor.

ODOR THRESHOLD : Not available
PH : 10.0 - 11.5 AS IS
MELTING POINT/FREEZING : Not available

POINT

BOILING POINT : Approx. 212° F.

FLASH POINT : Non flammable, non combustible

EVAPORATION RATE : Not available

FLAMMABILITY : Non flammable-Non combustible

LOWER FLAMMABILITY LIMIT : Not available
UPPER FLAMMABILITY LIMIT : Not available
VAPOR PRESSURE : Not available
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1) : Not available
RELATIVE DESNITY : 0.94

SOLUBILITY IN WATER : Soluble in water
PARTITION COEFFICIENT n- : Not available

OCTANOL/WATER

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE : Not available DECOMPOSITION : Not available

TEMPERATURE

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

HAZARDOUS CONDITONS TO

AVOID

Heat, flames, and sparks. Extreme temperatures and direct sunlight.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

PRODUCTS

neat, names, and sparks. Extreme temperatures and direct sumignt.

Oxidizing agents, Acid anhydrides, Aluminium, Halogenated compounds, Acids.Carbon oxides are expected to be, under fire conditions, the primary hazardous

decomposition products.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY

: Isopropanol (Isopropyl Alcohol)

: LD50 Oral (rat): 5045 mg/kg. LD50 Dermal (rabbit): 12,800 mg/kg. LC50 Inhalation

(rat) 8hr: 16,000 mg/kg.

OTHER INFORMATION EYES

Produces irritation, characterized by a burning sensation, redness, tearing, inflammation, and possible corneal injury. May cause transient corneal injury

OTHER INFORMATION

INGESTION

: Causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause kidney damage. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea.

OTHER INFORMATION

INHALATION

Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, unconsciousness and coma. May cause narcotic effects in high concentration. Causes upper respiratory tract irritation.

Inhalation of vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

OTHER INFORMATION SKIN

May cause irritation with pain and stinging, especially if the skin is abraded. Isopropanol has a low potential to cause allergic skin reactions; however, rare cases of allergic contact dermatitis have been reported.

STOT SINGLE EXPSOSURE

CARCINOGENICITY

: Inhalation - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. - Central Nervous System.

: IARC: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. No component of this product, present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH, NTP or OSHA.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY

: Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether

: LD50 values: Oral LD50: 5152 mg/kg (rat). LC50 dermal and inhalation: Not listed.

Eyes: Rabbit: Mild Irritation: 25 hours.

CARCINOGENICITY : No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, and

OSHA.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Nonylphenol Ethoxylate

ACUTE TOXICITY

: LD50 Oral (rat: 3,989-5,000 mg/kg,

INHALATION LC50

: No data available.

DERMAL LD50

LD50 Dermal (rabbit): 3,228-5,000 mg/kg.

SENSITIZATION SKIN

: For this family of materials: Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in

humans.

REPEATED DOSE TOXICITY

: For this family of materials: In animals, effects have been reported on the following

organs: Heart.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

Ammonium Hydroxide

: Inhalation, ingestion, skin, eyes.

: Burning of the eyes, conjunctivitis, skin irritation, swelling of the eyelids and lips, dry red mouth and tongue, burning in the throat, and coughing. In more severe cases of exposure, difficulty in breathing, signs and symptoms of lung congestion, and, ultimately, death from respiratory failure due to pulmonary edema may occur

ACUTE TOXICITY : LD50 Oral (rat): 350 mg/kg.
CARCINOGENICITY : Not listed with IARC, NTP.

OSHA REGULATED : Yes

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION : Isopropanol

ACUTE FISH TOXICITY : LC50 / 96 hr: Pimephales promelas: 9,640 mg/L.

TOXICITY TO DAPHNIA : EC50 / 24 h / Water Flea - 5,102 mg/L.

TOXICITY TO PLANTS : EC50 / 72 hours Desmodesmus subspicatus > 2,000 mg/L.

MOBILITY: This material is expected to have very high mobility in soil. It does not absorb to

most soil types.

PERSISTENCE AND : No data available.

DEGRADABILITY

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: No data available.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION : Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether

ECOTOXICITY (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

ACUTE FISH TOXICITY : LC50 / 96 hours Fathead Minnow - >10,000 mg/L

TOXICITY TO DAPHNIA : EC50 / 48 hours Water flea - 1,919 mg/L

PERSISTENCE AND : No data available.

DEGRADABILITY

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: No data available.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION : Nonyiphenol Ethoxylate

ECOTOXICITY : For this family of materials: Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an

acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in most sensitive species tested).

FISH ACUTE AND PROLNGED : For this

TOXICITY

For this family of materials: LC50, fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h: 1.6 -

24 mg/l

AQUATIC INVERTEBRATE ACUTE

TOXICITY

: For this family of materials: LC50, water flea Daphnia magna, 48 h: 23.1 - 71.8 mg/L For this family of materials: EC50, water flea Daphnia magna, 48 h, immobilization:

23.1 mg/L.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

No data available For this family of materials: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under

environmental conditions.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION : Ammo

ECOTOXICITY

: Ammonium Hydroxide

: Harmful to aquatic life in very low concentrations. May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Do not contaminate any

body of water by direct application, cleaning of equipment or disposal

ENVIRONMENTAL : Highly toxic to fishes. Toxic to invertebrates (Daphnia). May cause eutrophication.

Highly toxic to plankton. pH shift. Inhibition of activated sludge

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

: Not applicable.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL: This product must be disposed of in accordance with Federal, state and local

environmental regulations. Discarded materials may be considered hazardous waste due to pH/corrosivity. It is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal whether a material containing, or derived from this product, should

be classified as a hazardous waste.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT/IMDG/ IATA PROPER

SHIPPING NAME

: UN-1219, ISOPROPANOL SOLUTION 3 PG-II ERG-129

HAZARD CLASS AND LABEL

3 (Flammable Liquid) UN-1219

UN NUMBER

PACKAGING GROUP

PG-II

EPA REPORTABLE QUANTITY

(RQ)

MARINE POLLUTANT

Not Applicable.

Not a marine pollutant **EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE** ERG-129

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.N. GHS CLASSIFICATION & LABELING INFORMATION: See Section 2 for GHS Hazard Information.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATORY INFORMATION:

LISTED CARCINOGEN

: Not listed.

TSCA STATUS

The ingredients of this product are listed in TSCA inventory (40CFR 710.)

SARA SECTION 302

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title

III, Section 302.

SARA SECTION 312

Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether: Chronic health hazard

Isopropanol: Acute health hazard, Chronic health hazard, Fire hazard.

SARA SECTION 313

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA title

III, Section 313: ISOPROPANOL (CAS# 67-63-0)

CERCLA

No chemicals in this material with known CAS numbers are subject to the reporting

requirements of CERCLA.

NFPA HEALTH 2 NFPA FLAMMABILITY 2 NFPA REACTIVITY 0

EUROPEAN UNION REGULATORY INFORMATION:

EC CLASSIFICATION

Flammable, Irritant

DSD/DPD RISK (R) PHRASES

R11: Highly flammable. (Isopropanol)

R22: Harmful is swallowed. R36: Irritating to skin.

R67: Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

DSD/DPD SAFETY (S) PHRASES

S2: Keep out of reach of children.

S7: Keep container tightly closed.

S16: Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking

S24/25: Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with

plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S36/S37/39: Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and

eye/face protection.

S45: In case of accidents or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately. Show label where possible.

S61: Avoid release to the environment. S62: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

S64: If swallowed, rinse mouth with water if victim is

conscious.

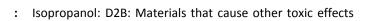
DSD/DPD HAZARD SYMBOL : F: Flammable, Xi: Irritant





CANADIAN REGULATORY INFORMATION:

WHMIS CATEGORY : Isopropanol: B2: Flammable Liquid



DOMESTIC SUBSTANCES LIST

(DSL)

Listed

(TOXIC).

INGREDIENT DISCLOSURE LIST : Listed



SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

DISCLAIMER : The information contained herein has been compiled from sources believed to be

realiable and accurate to the best of our knowledge at this date. It is provided without warranty, expressed or implied, as to the results of use of this information or to the product to which it relates. Wesmar Co. assumes no responsibility for injury to any person or property resulting from any use of the material. Each user assumes the risk in their use of this product and should review the data and

recommendations in the specific context of their intended use.

CERCLA : Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act.

EINECS : European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

IMDG
 International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
 IARC
 International Agency for Research on Cancer
 IATA
 International Air Transportation Association

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

NFPA : National Fire Protection Association (USA)

NTP : National Toxicology Program

SARA : Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

TSCA : Toxic Substances Control Act

HMIS : Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)WHMIS : Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

LC50 : Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50 : Lethal dose, 50 percent

STOT : Systemic Target Organ Toxicity

DATE PREPARED : MAR 1, 2006 **DATE REVISED** : MAR 1, 2015